

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	ELECTROSOLV 213
CAS-No.	-
Product code	GN1276

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Chemical for analysis and production
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1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	RCI LABSCAN LIMITED. 24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand
Telephone number	(662) 613-7911-4
Fax number	(662) 613-7915

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency phone	(662) 613-7911-4
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225

Eye irritation (Category 2), H319

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system, H336

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

H336

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement(s)

P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233

Keep container tightly closed.

P240

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241

Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.

P242

Use non-sparking tools.

P243

Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261

Avoid breathing vapours.

P264

Wash hand thoroughly after handling.

P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam to extinguish.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

2.3 Other hazards None

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

3.2 Mixture

Propan-2-ol

Synonyms iso-Propanol, Isopropyl alcohol, Dimethyl carbinol, 2-Propanol.

CAS-No	EC-No	EC-Index-No	Formula	Molecular Weight	Weight %
67-63-0	200-661-7	603-117-00-0	(CH ₃) ₂ CHOH	60.10 g/mol	68-72

Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component	Concentration	Classification
Propan-2-ol		
CAS-No 67-63-0 EC-No 200-661-7 EC-Index-No 603-117-00-0	68-72%	Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Eye irritation (Category 2), H319 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system, H336

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. If signs of poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated combustible material, e.g. clothing ignites more readily and burns fiercely.
Eye contact	If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or

under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

After swallowing, avoid vomiting. Risk of aspiration. Keep airways free. In case of spontaneous vomiting. Risk of aspiration. Pulmonary failure possible.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

5.4 Further information

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Take measures to prevent electrostatic charging. Prevent firefighting water from entering surface water or groundwater.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil, advise police.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spillage: May react with combustible substances creating fire or explosion hazard and formation of toxic fumes. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered steel drums. Dispose of promptly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see **Section 13**.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep container tightly closed. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not empty into drains.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep tightly closed at room temperature in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials. Store in original container. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****8.2 Exposure controls****Appropriate engineering controls**

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Ventilation hoods and fans required when working with organic solvents or in hot melt applications.

Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE)**Eye/face protection**

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

Skin protection

Chemical resistant apron / flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes.

Handle with gloves

- Full contact wears gloves from nitrile rubber material.
- Splash contact wears gloves from polychloroprene material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are generated filter A (EN 141 or EN 14387).

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance: From	Liquid
: Color	Colorless
Odour	Alcohol like
Odour Threshold	Not Available
pH	Neutral at 20°C (200g/l H ₂ O)
Melting point/range	Not Available
Boiling point/range	Not Available
Flash point	~18 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Available
Explosion limits: lower	2.0 %(V)
upper	12.7 %(V)
Vapor Pressure	~ 42 hPa at 20°C
Relative vapor density	Not Available
Density	0.874-0.878 g/ml at 20°C
Water solubility	Soluble at 20°C

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not Available
Auto-Ignition temperature	Not Available
Decomposition Temperature	Not Available
Viscosity	Not Available
Explosive properties	Not Explosive
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Highly flammable. Hygroscopic. Solvent for oils and rubber. Explosible with air in a vaporous/gaseous state.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in contact with strong oxidizing agents, nitric acid, oxygen, hydrogen peroxide, barium perchlorate, sodium dichromate, phosgene / iron salt, nitrogen dioxide, trinitro methane.

The substance can react dangerously with alkali metals, aluminium, amines, chlorine, strong acids, hydrogen peroxide, aldehydes, aluminium triisopropoxide, chlorine compounds, chromium trioxide, iron, potassium-tert.-butoxide, oleum, palladium + hydrogen, phosgene, phosphorus trichloride.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, Flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, aluminum in powder form, oxidizing agents, perchlorates, CrO₃, nitric acid, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen peroxide, organic nitro compounds, aldehydes, amines, fuming sulfuric acid, phosgene

Unsuitable working materials: Various plastics, rubber

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxides, Carbon dioxides, (Hazardous decomposition products from under fire condition).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture

Acute toxicity

LD₅₀ (oral, rat): 5045 mg/kg

LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat): 46.5 mg/l/4 h

LD₅₀ (dermal, rabbit): 12800 mg/kg

LD_{Lo} (oral, human): 3570 mg/kg

Acute oral toxicity

Risk of aspiration, pneumonia (chemical pneumonitis)

Absorption: Headache, dizziness, inebriation, unconsciousness, narcosis.

Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation symptoms in the respiratory tract, drowsiness.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Degreasing effect on the skin, possibly followed by secondary inflammation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Irritations

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Sensitisation test: guinea pig is negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): Micronucleus negative.

Carcinogenicity

Not Available

Reproductive toxicity

Not Available

Teratogenicity

No teratogenic effect in animal experiments.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not Available

Aspiration hazard

Not Available

Further information

After absorption: Headache, dizziness, inebriation, unconsciousness, narcosis.

After uptake of large quantities: respiratory paralysis, coma.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Mixture**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish	LC ₅₀ L.macrochirus: 1400 mg/l/ 96h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ Daphnia magna: 13299 mg/l /48h
Toxicity to algae	IC ₅ Desmodesmus subspicatus: 1000 mg/l /72h
Toxicity to bacteria	EC ₅ Ps. Putida: 1050 mg/l /16h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability 95%/21 d, Readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) log Pow: 0.05 (experimental)
No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log P o/w <1)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

12.5 Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods**Product**

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical

incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land Transport (ADR/RID)

UN Number	1219
UN proper shipping name	ISOPROPANOL
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
Special precautions for user	Yes

Sea transport (IMDG)

UN Number	1219
UN proper shipping name	ISOPROPANOL
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II
Marine pollutant	No
Special precautions for user	Yes
EmS	F-E S-D

Air transport (IATA)

UN Number	1219
UN proper shipping name	ISOPROPANOL
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
Special precautions for user	No

River transport (AND/ADNR)

(Not examined)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or Mixture

Not Available

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Recommended restrictions

Take notice of labels and safety data sheets for the working. Chemicals Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge.

Reference

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to EC Directives 67/548 EEC and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany, Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

Further information

Contact to RCI Labscan Limited.

Revision Date

01/05/2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.